Cambridge Assessment International Education
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education (9–1)

MATHEMATICS **0626/06**

Paper 6 **October/November 2018**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 96

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.

A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.

B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation '**dep**' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Abbreviations

awrt	answers which round to
cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
nfww	not from wrong working
oe	or equivalent
rot	rounded or truncated
SC	Special Case
soi	seen or implied

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	Correct perpendicular bisector with correct arcs	**2**	**M1** for correct perp bisector with incorrect or no arcs or for correct arcs seen.
	Correct angle bisector with correct arcs	**2**	**M1** for correct angle bisector with incorrect or no arcs or for 2 correct pairs of arcs seen.
	Correct line indicated	**1**	**FT** *their* angle bisector and perpendicular bisector
1(b)	56.3 or 56.28 to 56.29…	**3**	**M1** for $\left[\frac{1}{2}\times\right]\pi\times 4.2^2$ **M1** for $(7\times 12)-$ (*their* 27.7)
1(c)	29	**6**	**B1** for midpoints soi **M1** for sum of *their* midpoints × frequencies **B1** for total frequency = $101 + x$ **M1** for $\frac{\text{Sum of products}}{\text{Sum of frequences}} = 136$ oe **M1** for $9x = 261$
2(a)(i)	7.9×10^{10} cao	**1**	
2(a)(ii)	11 or 11.1 or 11.12 to 11.13	**2**	**M1** for $\frac{\textit{their}\ 7.9\times10^{10}}{7.1\times10^{9}}$
2(b)	8.5×10^{8} cao	**3**	**M1** for $1400\times60\times60\times24\times7$ **A1** for $8.46...\times10^{8}$ or figs 85
3(a)	3, 4.25	**2**	**B1** for each
3(b)	Correct graph	**3**	**B2 FT** for 8 or 9 points correctly plotted or **B1 FT** for 6 or 7 points correctly plotted
3(c)	–0.4, 0.8	**2**	**FT** *their* parabola **B1** for each
4(a)	33.8 or 33.79 to 33.80	**4**	**B3** for 11.4 OR **M1** for correct sketch or attempt to use Pythagoras soi **M1** for $\sqrt{14.1^2 - 8.3^2}$ **M1** for 8.3 +14.1 + *their* 11.4

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(b)	3 hours 13 minutes	**3**	**M1** for 45 ÷ 14 **A1** for 3.21…
4(c)	480	**3**	**M2** for $\frac{1}{2}(120+40)6$ oe or **M1** for a correct partial area soi
4(d)	092.6 or 093 or 092.58 to 092.59	**5**	**B4** for answer 87.4 OR **M2** for $[\cos\theta] = \frac{9^2+16^2-18^2}{2\times9\times16}$ or **M1** for correct implicit form **A1** for $[\cos\theta] = 0.0451\ldots$ and **M1** for 180 – *their* 87.4
5(a)(i)	15.7 or 15.65…	**3**	**M2** for $\sqrt{(6--8)^2+(5--2)^2}$ or better or **B1** for 14 and 7 identified
5(a)(ii)	$[y =]\ 2x-4$	**3**	**M1** for $[m =]\frac{6--8}{5--2}$ oe **M1** for $y = mx + c$ with either point and *their m* substituted
5(b)	(11. –1)	**2**	**B1** for each or vector $\begin{pmatrix}6\\-2\end{pmatrix}$ soi
6(a)(i)	$[c =]\ 0.08d^2$ oe	**2**	**M1** for $8 = k\times10^2$ soi
6(a)(ii)	11.52	**1**	**FT** *their* $0.08d^2$
6(a)(iii)	Correct shaped parabola from origin	**1**	
6(b)	[±] 24	**3**	**M2** for $P^2 = 576$ or $V^2 = 576$ or **M1** for 8 × 72 soi
7(a)	$\frac{51}{100}$ oe	**4**	**M3** for $\frac{3}{10}\times\frac{3}{10}+2\left(\frac{3}{10}\times\frac{7}{10}\right)$ or $1-\left(\frac{7}{10}\right)^2$ or **M2** for one correct product or **M1** for probabilities $\frac{7}{10}$ or $\frac{3}{10}$ soi

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
7(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$	**4**	**B1** for identifying GG, RR and YY **M2** for $\frac{4}{12}\times\frac{4}{7}+\frac{6}{12}\times\frac{4}{7}+\frac{2}{12}\times\frac{1}{7}$ or **M1** for one product correct
8(a)	Circle, centre origin, radius 5	**2**	**B1** for any circle or for all four intercepts identified
8(b)(i)	$x = –0.97$, $y = –4.91$ $x = 2.17$, $y = 4.51$ with correct working	**7**	**M1** for substituting into circle equation **M1** for expanding **M1** for rearranging to equal 0 **M2** for correct use of quadratic formula or **M1** if discriminant correct or $-\frac{b\pm\sqrt{....}}{2a}$ correct **A1** for one pair of solutions correct or both x values or both y values (may be to greater accuracy)
8(b)(ii)	Correct statement e.g. 2 points of intersection	**1**	**FT** *their* **(b)(i)**
9(a)	20.75 final answer	**2**	**B1** for 4.15 soi
9(b)	$\frac{2\times 20.05}{8.35}$	**M2**	**M1** for $\frac{1}{2}\times 8.35\times h = 20.05$ with at least one bound correct or for 8.35 **and** 20.05 identified
	4.80[2…]	**A1**	
10(a)	$\begin{pmatrix}-2 & 0\\ 4 & 3\end{pmatrix}$	**3**	**M1** for $\begin{pmatrix}4 & 28\\ -8 & 20\end{pmatrix}$ **M1** for $\begin{pmatrix}-2-their\ 4 & 28-their\ 28\\ 4-their\ -8 & 29-their\ 20\end{pmatrix}$
10(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$ oe	**4**	**B2** for [det] = $2^{12x}-64$ or **M1** for det = $2^{2x}\times 2^{10x}-2\times 32$ **B1** for $2^6 = 64$ soi
11(a)(i)	For 1.4 ÷ 76.2 or 140 ÷ 76.2	**M1**	
	0.018…m or 1.8…cm with comparison to 2 cm	**A1**	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
11(a)(ii)	3540 or 3539 to 3540	**3**	**M2** for $76.2^3 \times 8$ oe OR **M1** for 76.2^3 soi **M1** for division by 1000
11(b)	Correct explanation e.g. Area factor needed	**B1**	
	300	**3**	**B2** for 400% or **B1** for $\left(\frac{120}{60}\right)^2$ soi